

Kinetic Metallization™

Tungsten and Chrome Carbide Coatings

ITSC - New Materials for Wear and Corrosion
Applications

5 May 2009

Jeff Henness

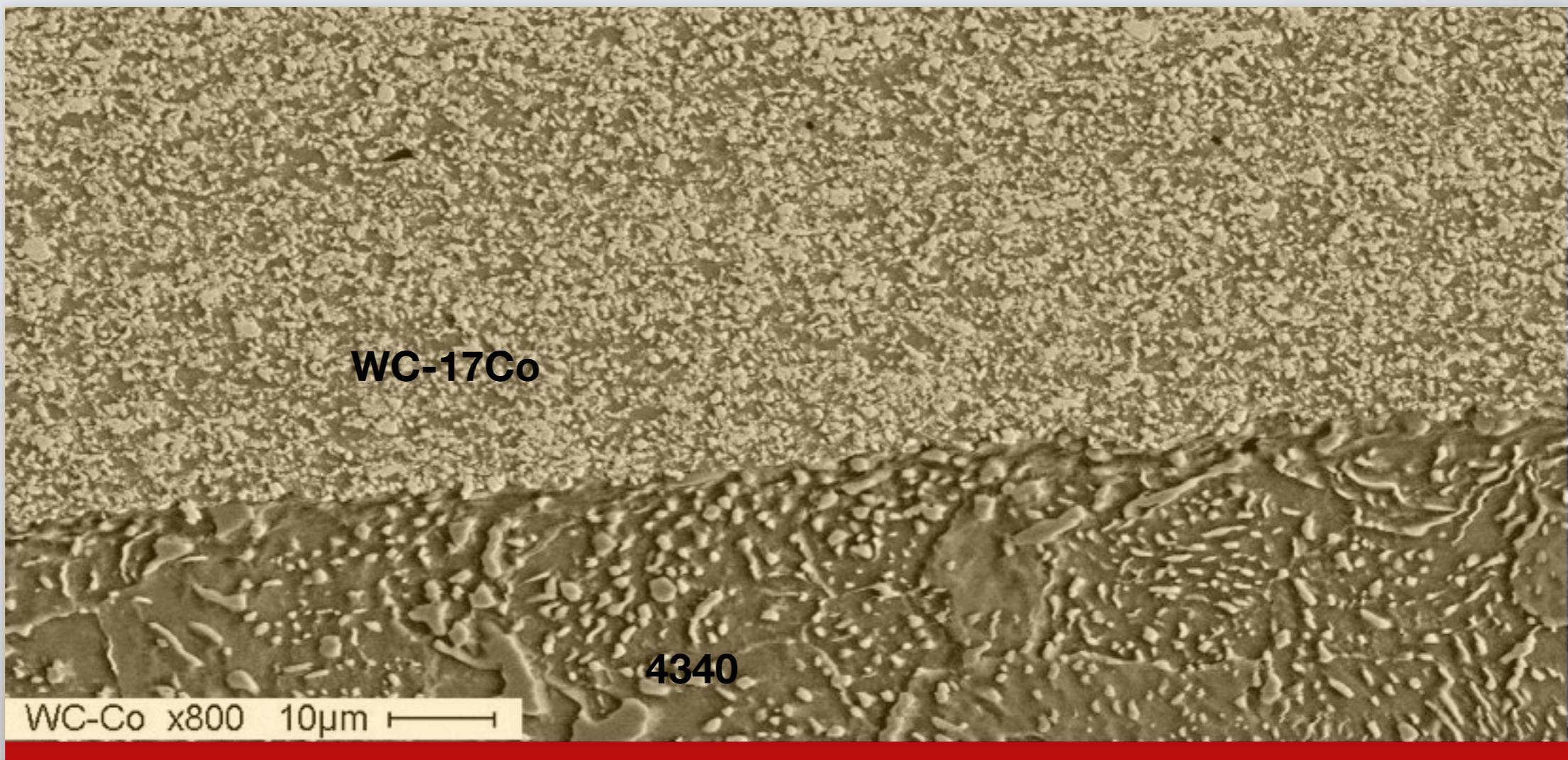


Overview

- Introduction to Kinetic Metallization™ (KM™)
 - Process, Equipment, and Control Parameters
- Tungsten Carbide Coatings
 - Comparison to HVOF
- Chromium Carbide Coatings

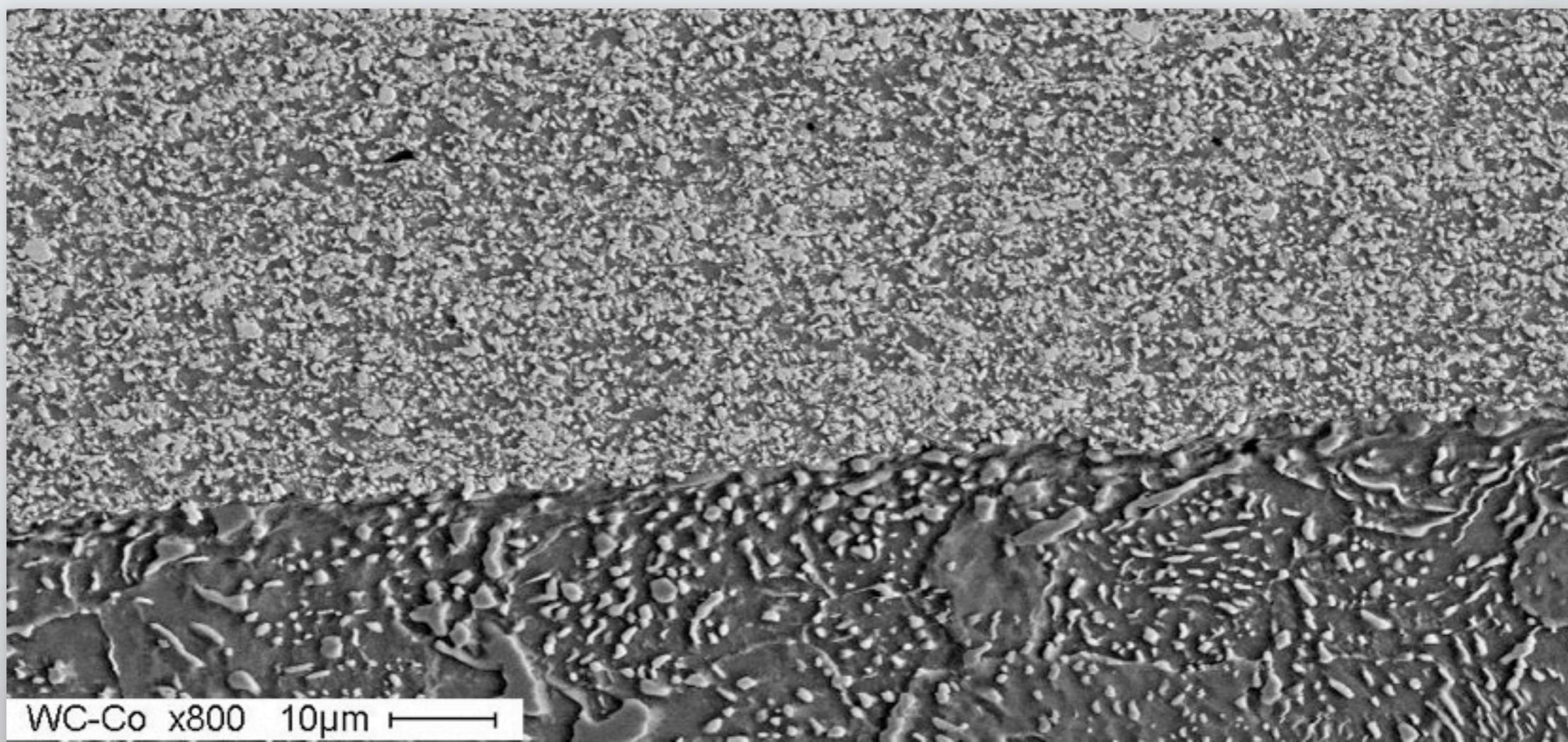


Introduction to Kinetic Metallization™ (KM)



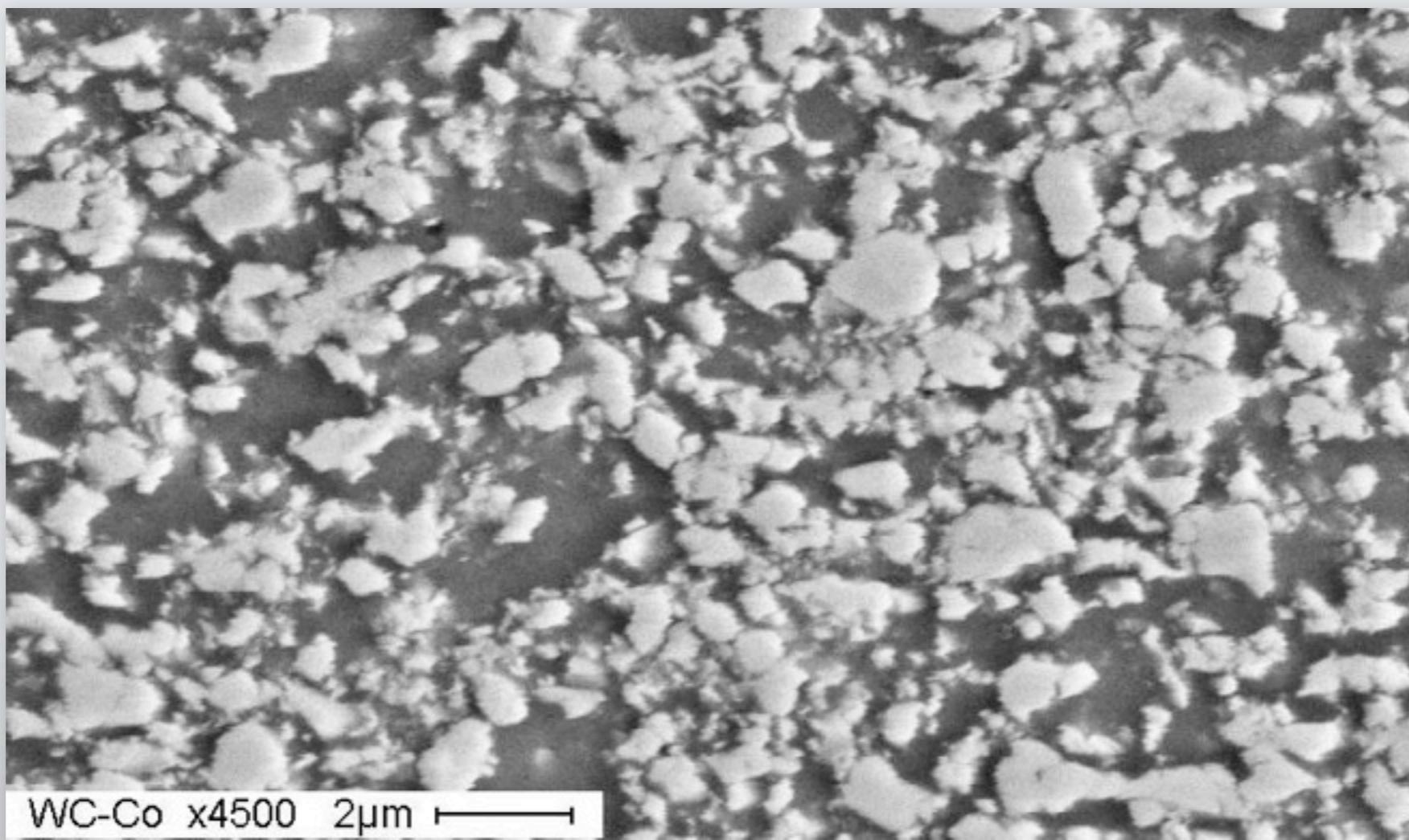


Introduction to Kinetic Metallization™ (KM)





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Introduction to Kinetic Metallization™ (KM)

- Metal deposition through particle impact
- low-temperature << melting point
- high particle velocity > 500 m/s
- gas velocity below Mach 1
 - He, 300K, 980 m/s
 - GN2, 300K, 330 m/s

Substrate

Introduction to Kinetic Metallization™ (KM)

- Metal deposition through particle impact
- low-temperature << melting point
- high particle velocity > 500 m/s
- gas velocity below Mach 1
 - He, 300K, 980 m/s
 - GN2, 300K, 330 m/s



Potential
Energy

Powder

Kinetic
Energy

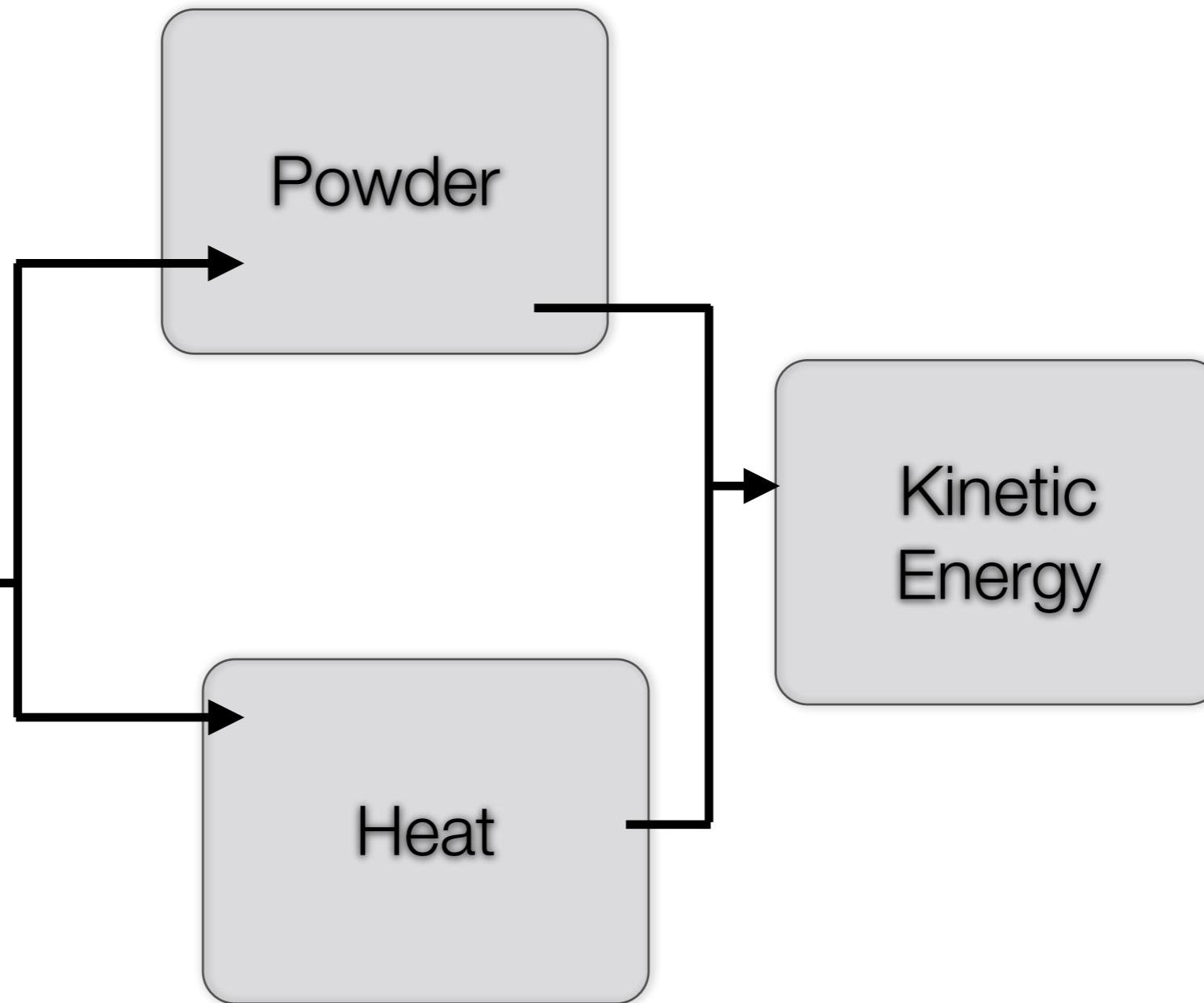
Heat

Potential
Energy

Powder

Kinetic
Energy

Heat





Gas Storage System

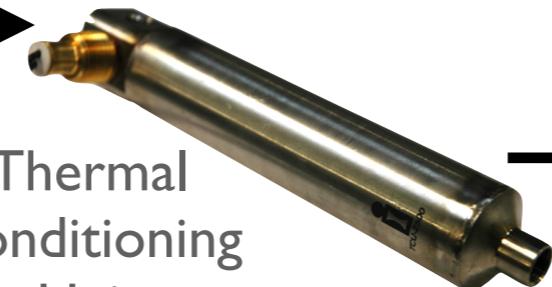
Powder
Fluidizing
Unit



Deposition
Nozzle



Thermal
Conditioning
Unit





Control Parameters

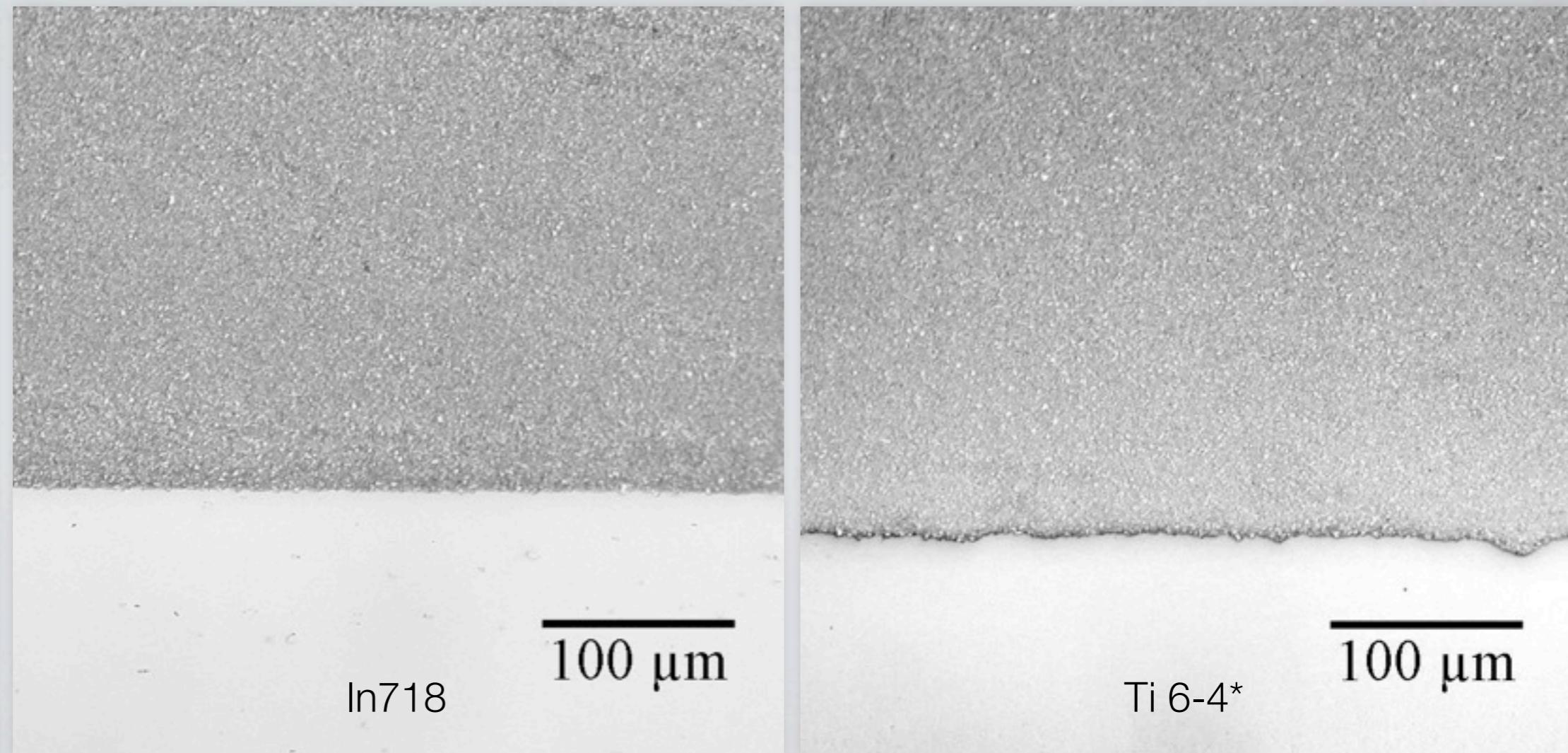
- Nozzle
 - Temperature
 - Pressure
- Powder
- Feed rate
- Translation
- Speed / Step size
- Layers





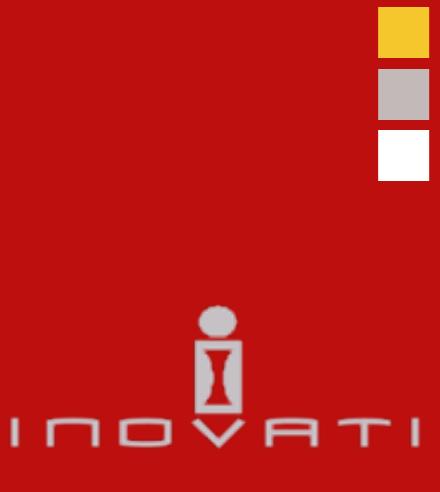
Tungsten Carbide
Coatings

KM1000 WC-Co



WC-Co Typical Microstructure

*relief at interface introducing image contrast

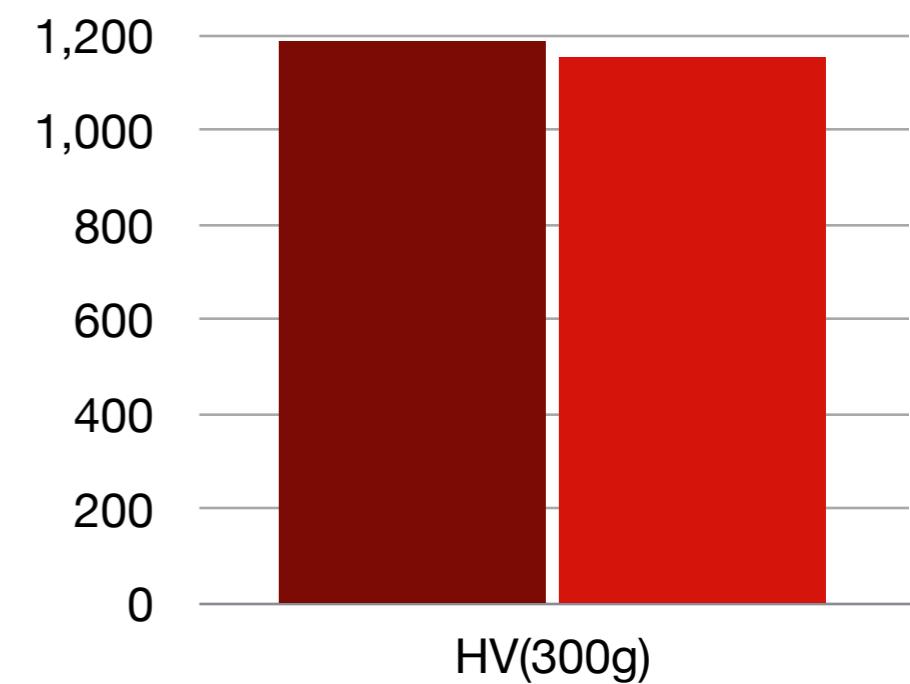
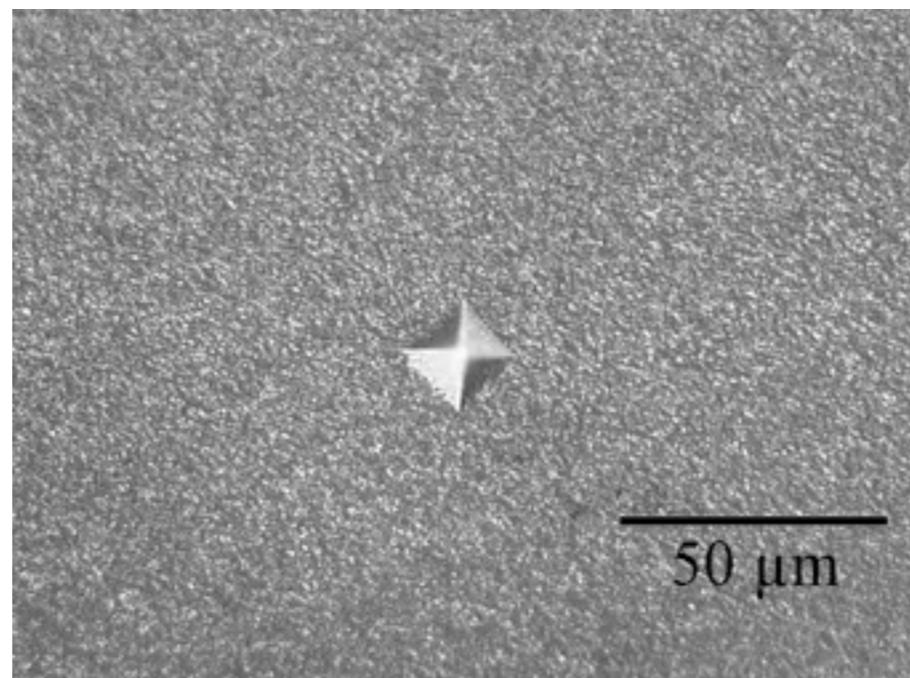


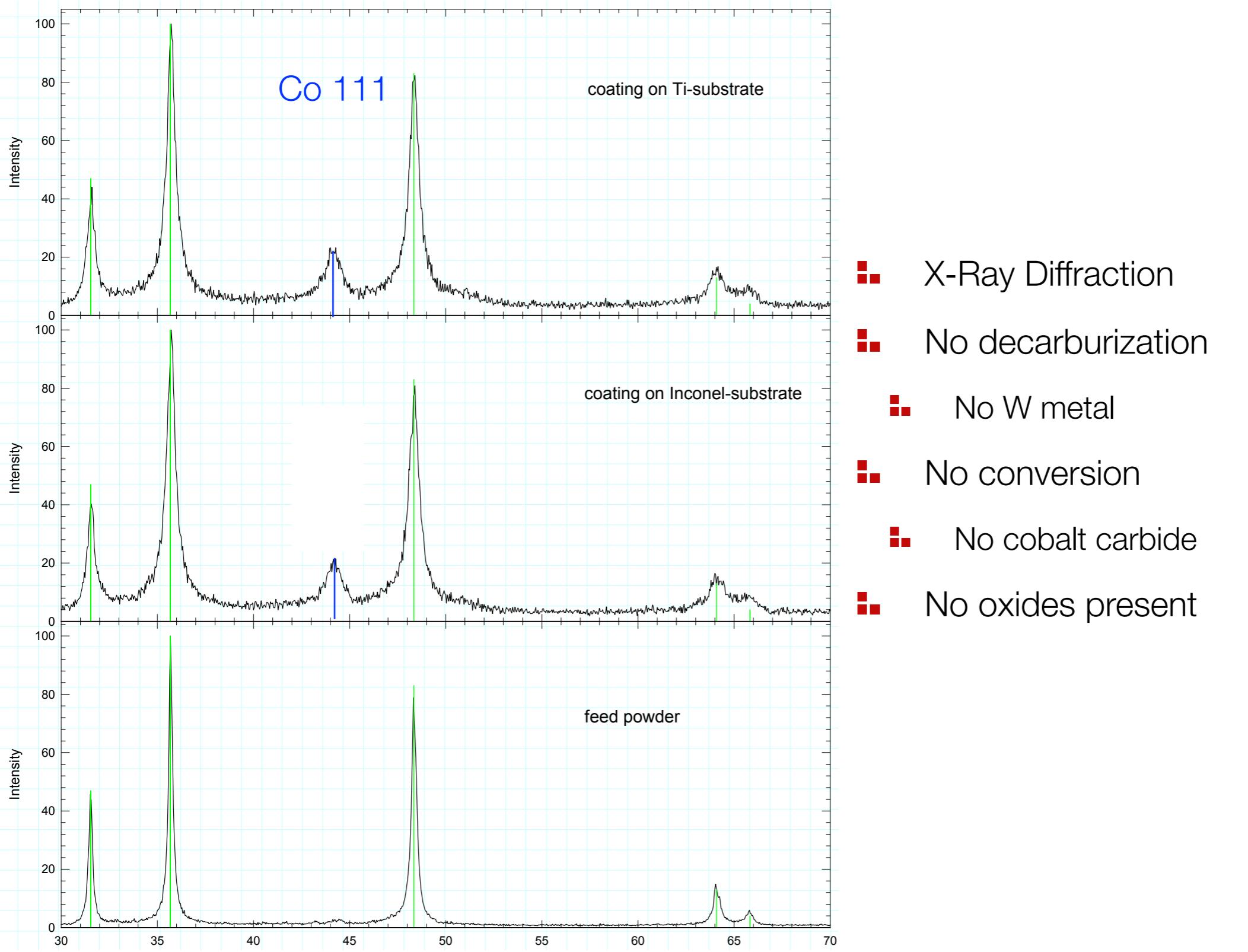
KM1000 WC-Co Microhardness

- Vickers hardness - 300g load

In718

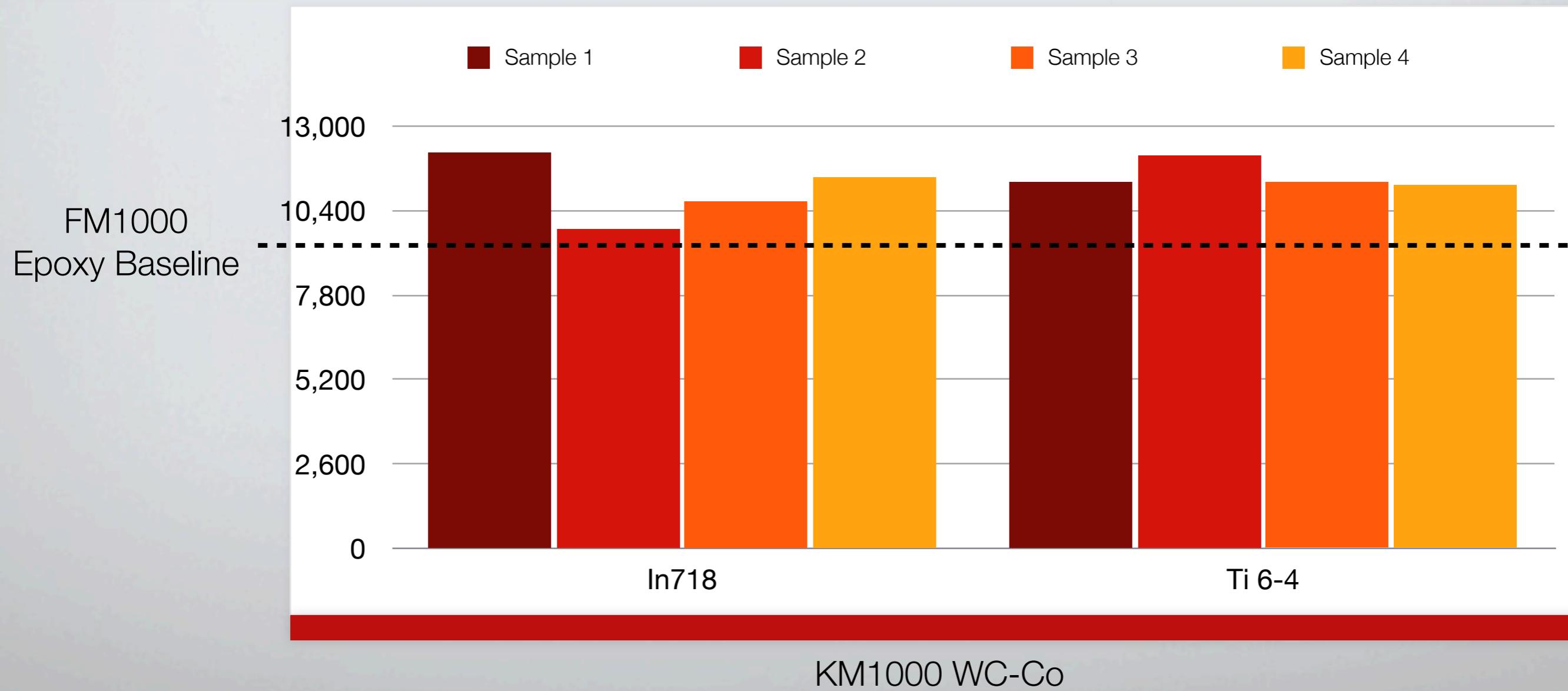
Ti 6-4







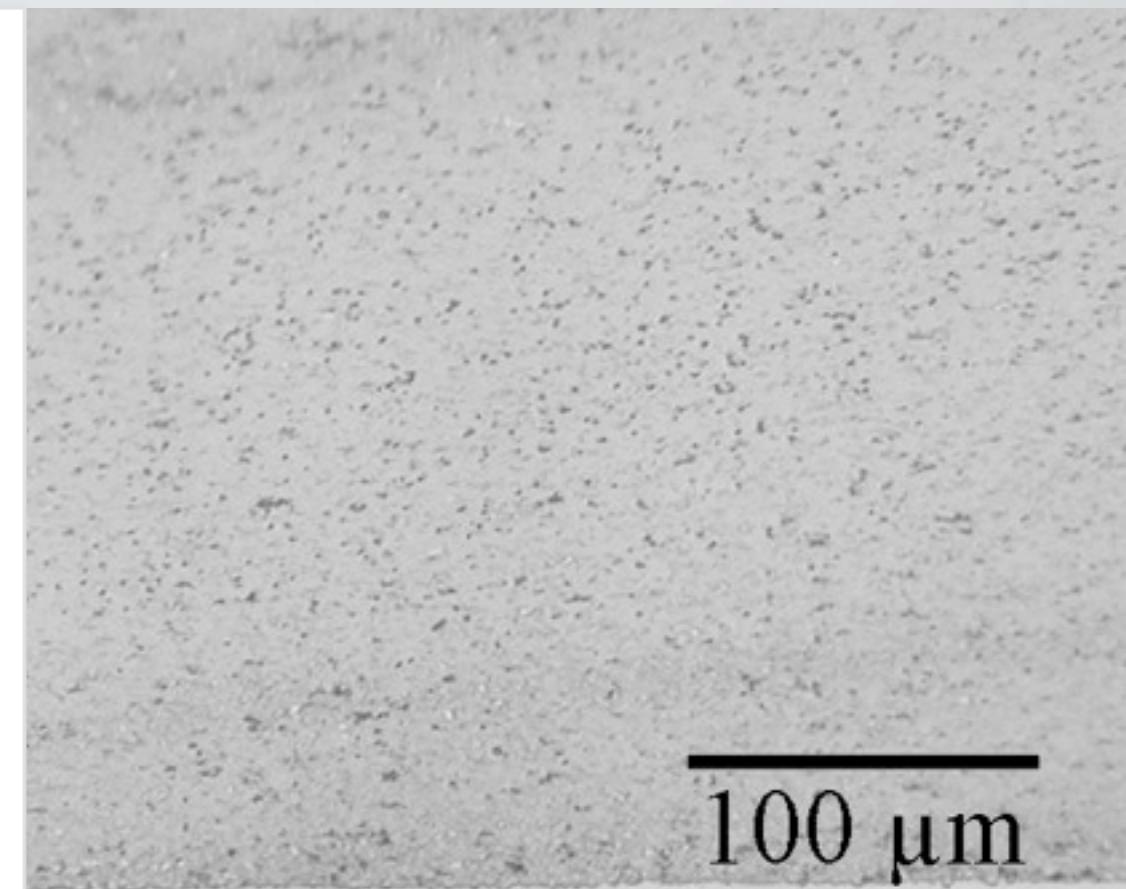
ASTM C633 Adhesion Testing



KM1000 WC-Co

WC-NiCrCo on In718

- Higher hardness than WC-Co
- Superior corrosion resistance
-

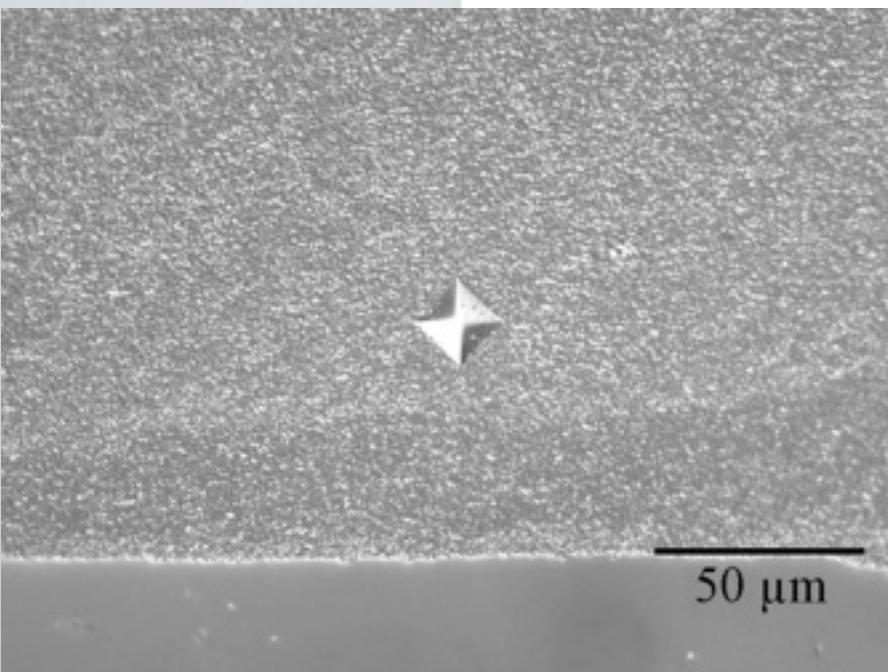


WC-NiCrCo Microhardness

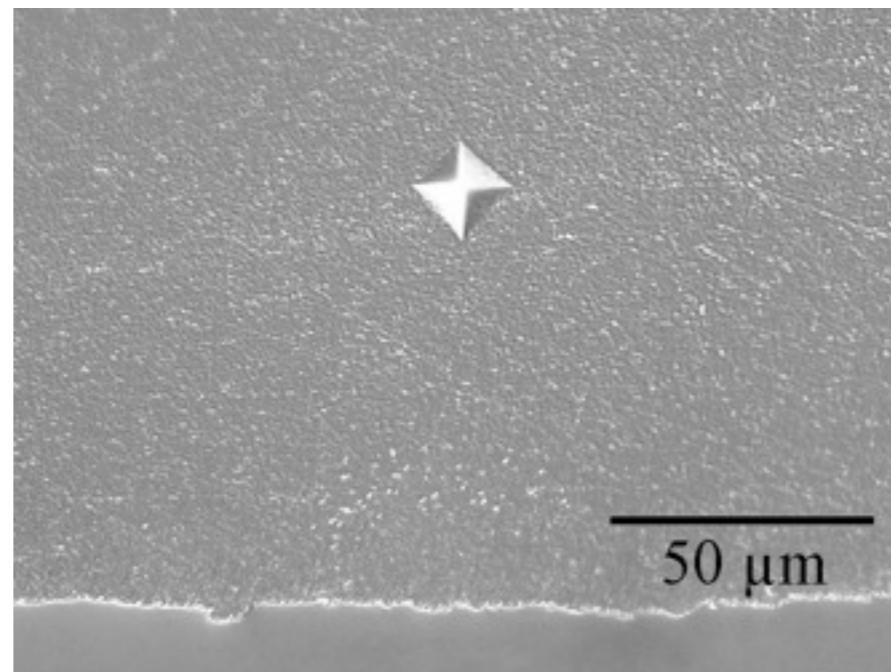
- Vickers hardness (300g load)
- Hardness >1,500HV

In718

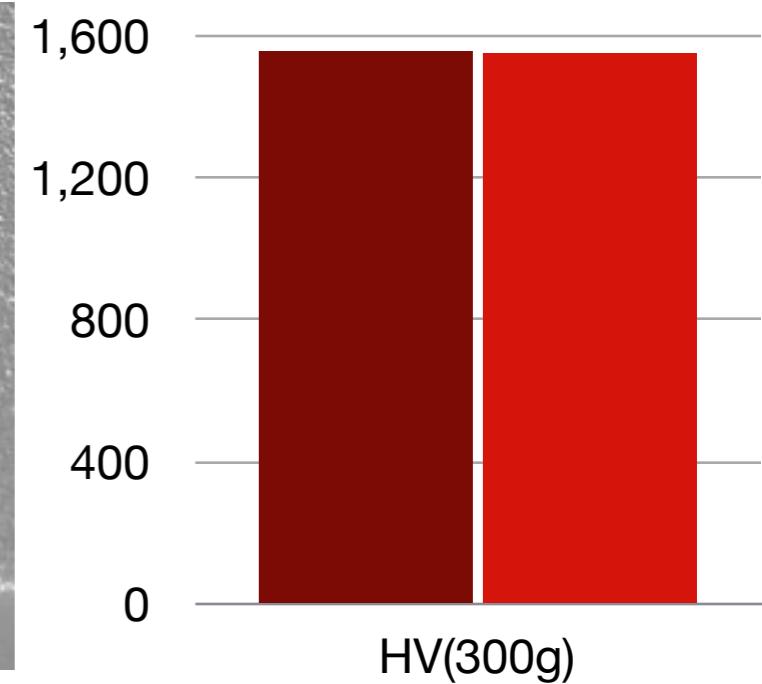
Ti 6-4



In718

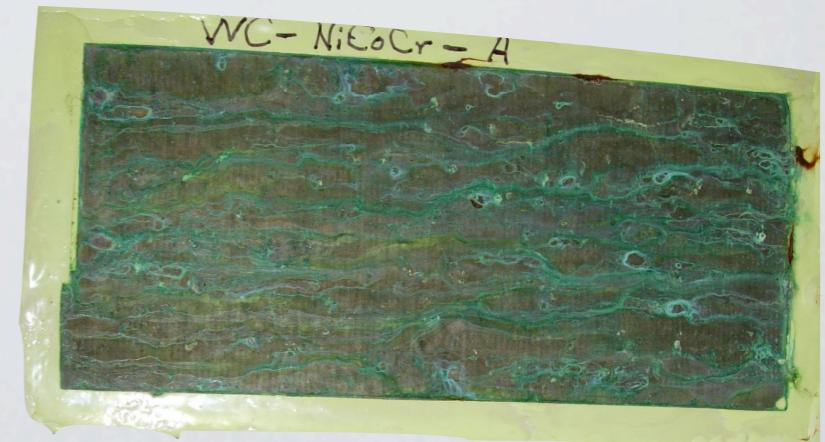


Ti 6-4



WC-NiCrCo Corrosion Resistance

- ASTM B117 Neutral Salt Fog
 - Photos after 900 hours exposure
- Surpasses WC-Co baseline



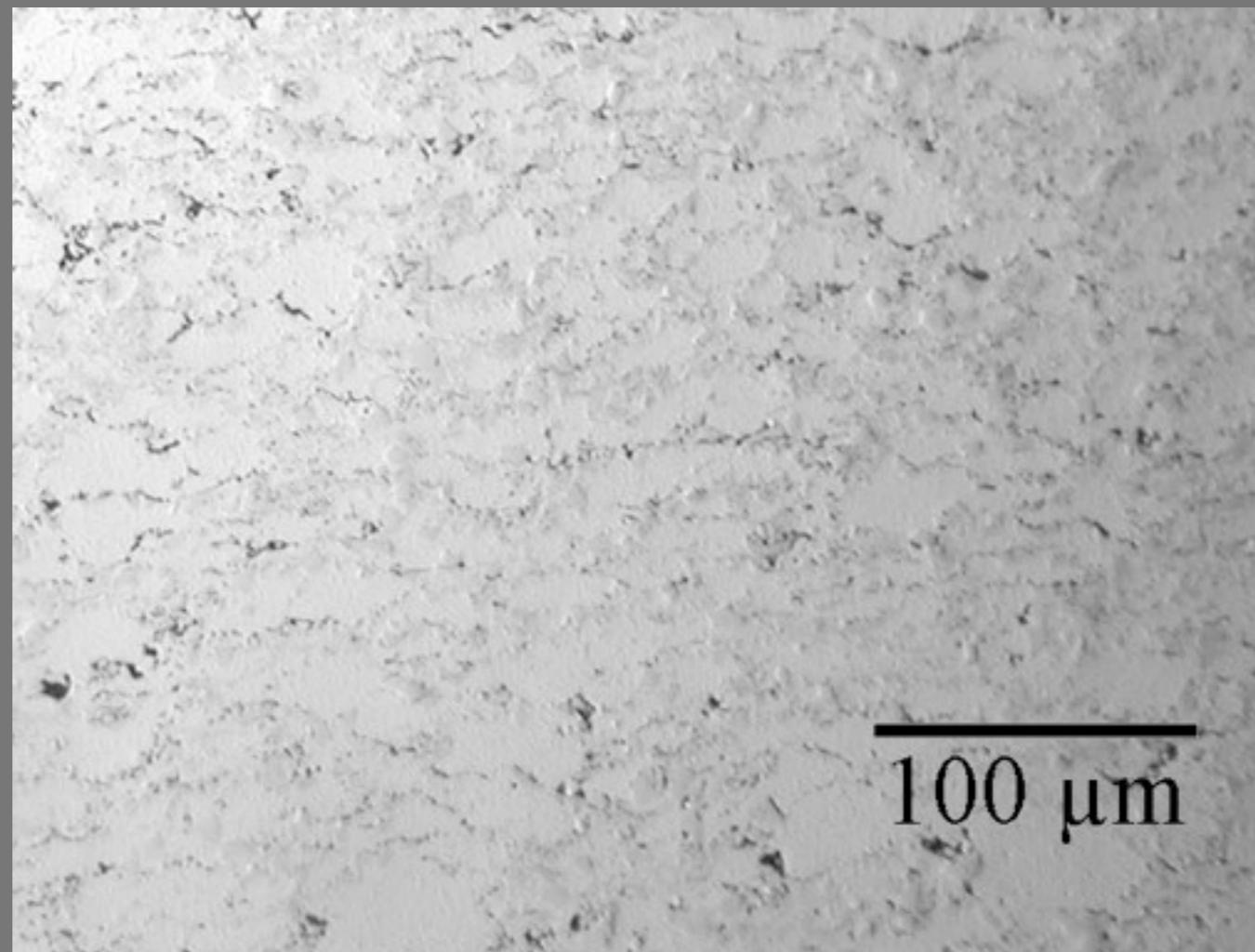
Chromium Carbide Coatings

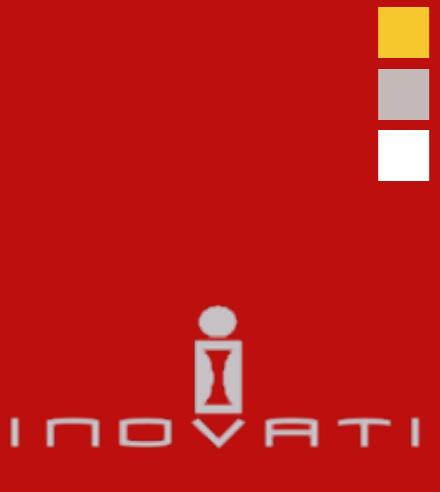


INOVATI



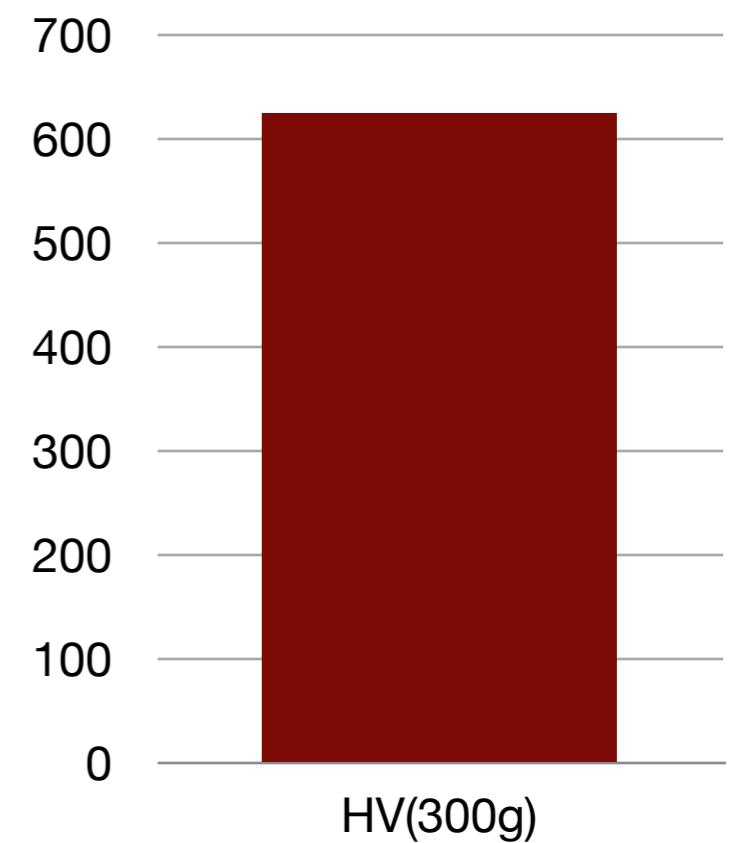
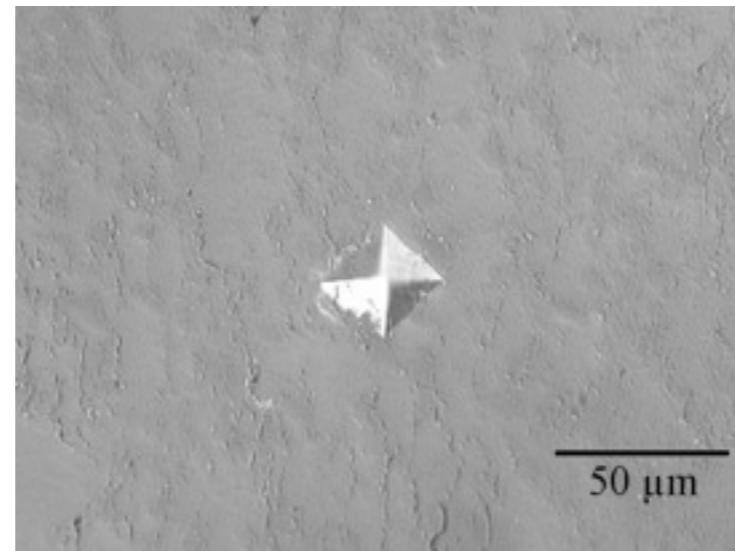
Cr₃C₂-NiCr Micrograph





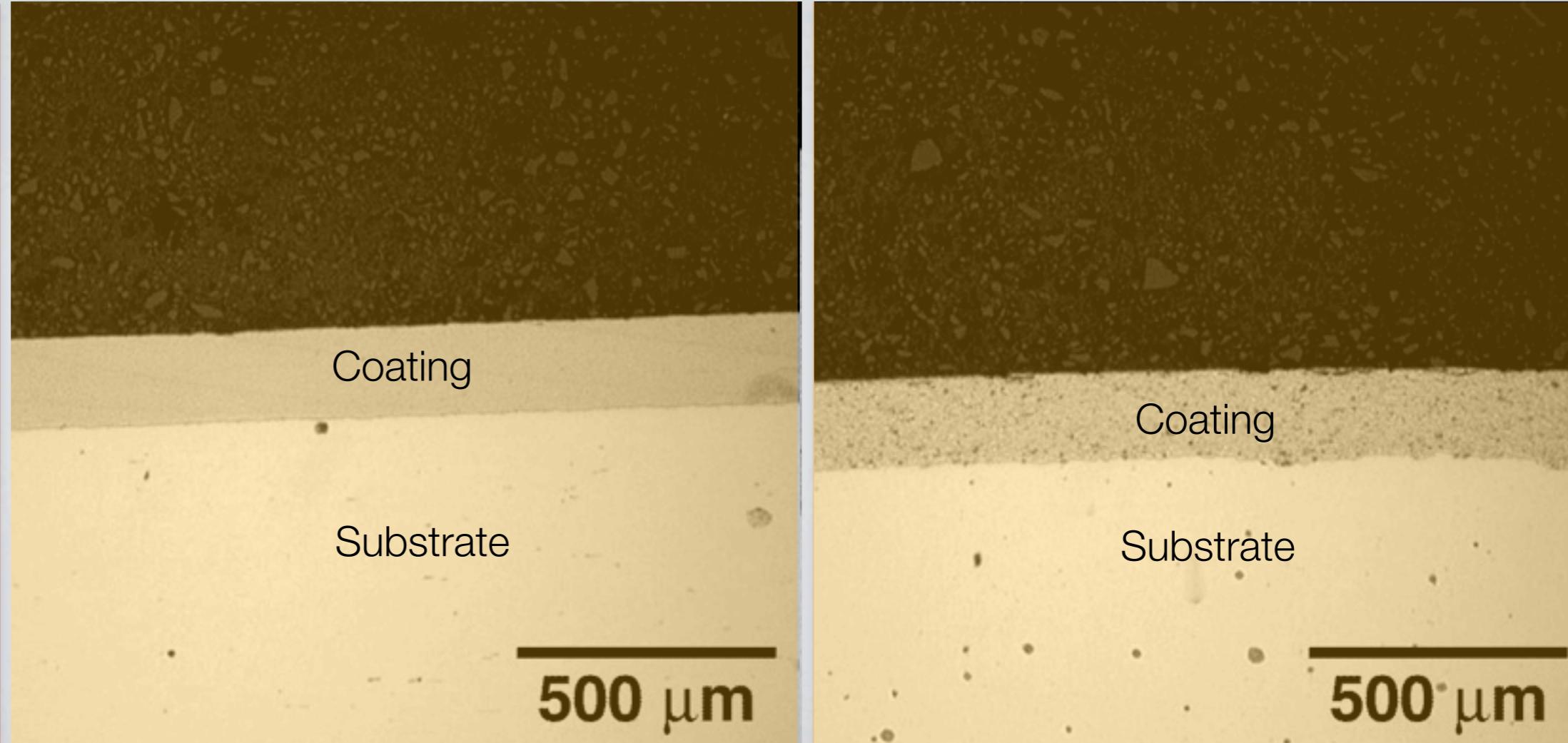
Cr₃C₂-NiCr Microhardness

- Vickers hardness
- 300g load



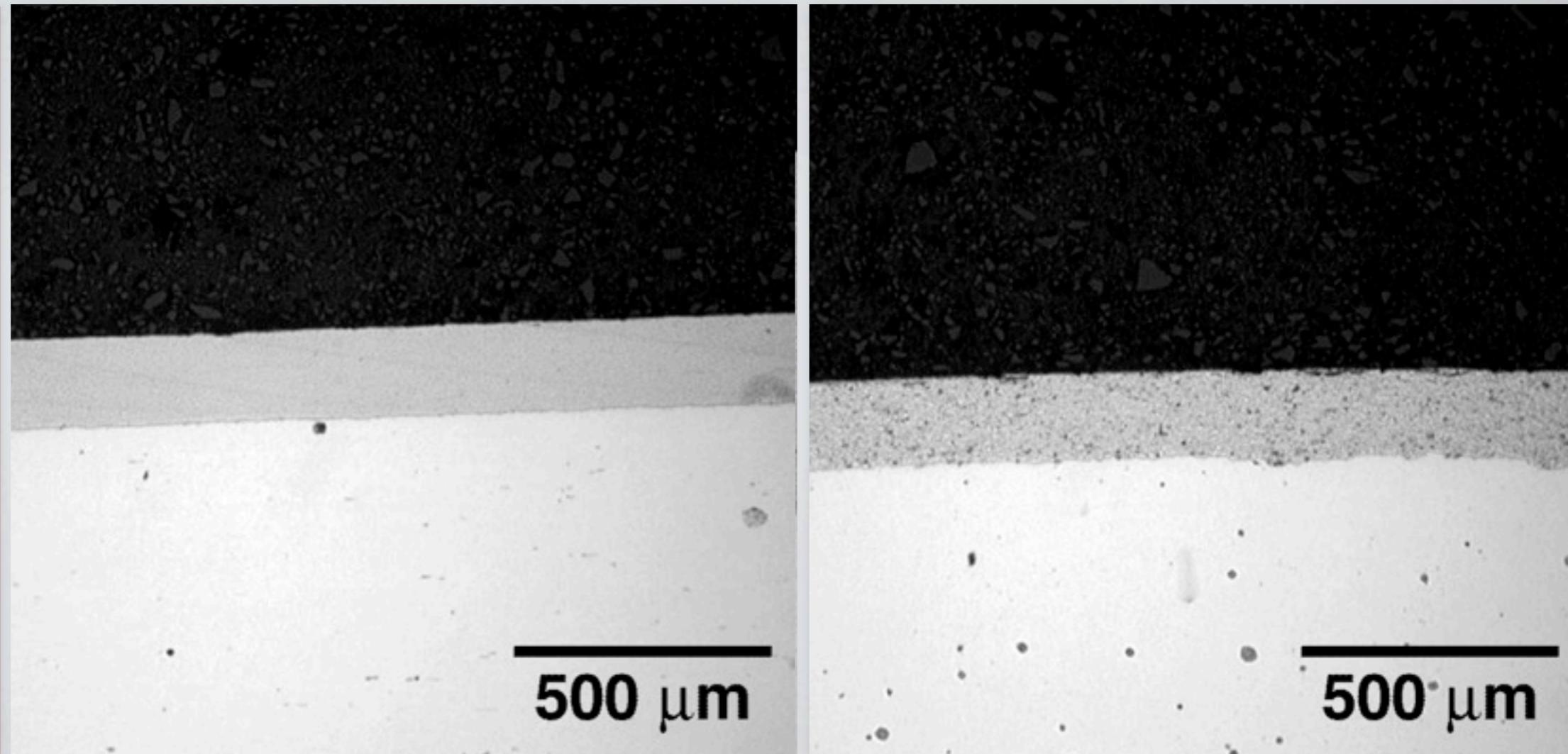
KM – HVOF

Microstructure, Superfinishing and Cost Comparison



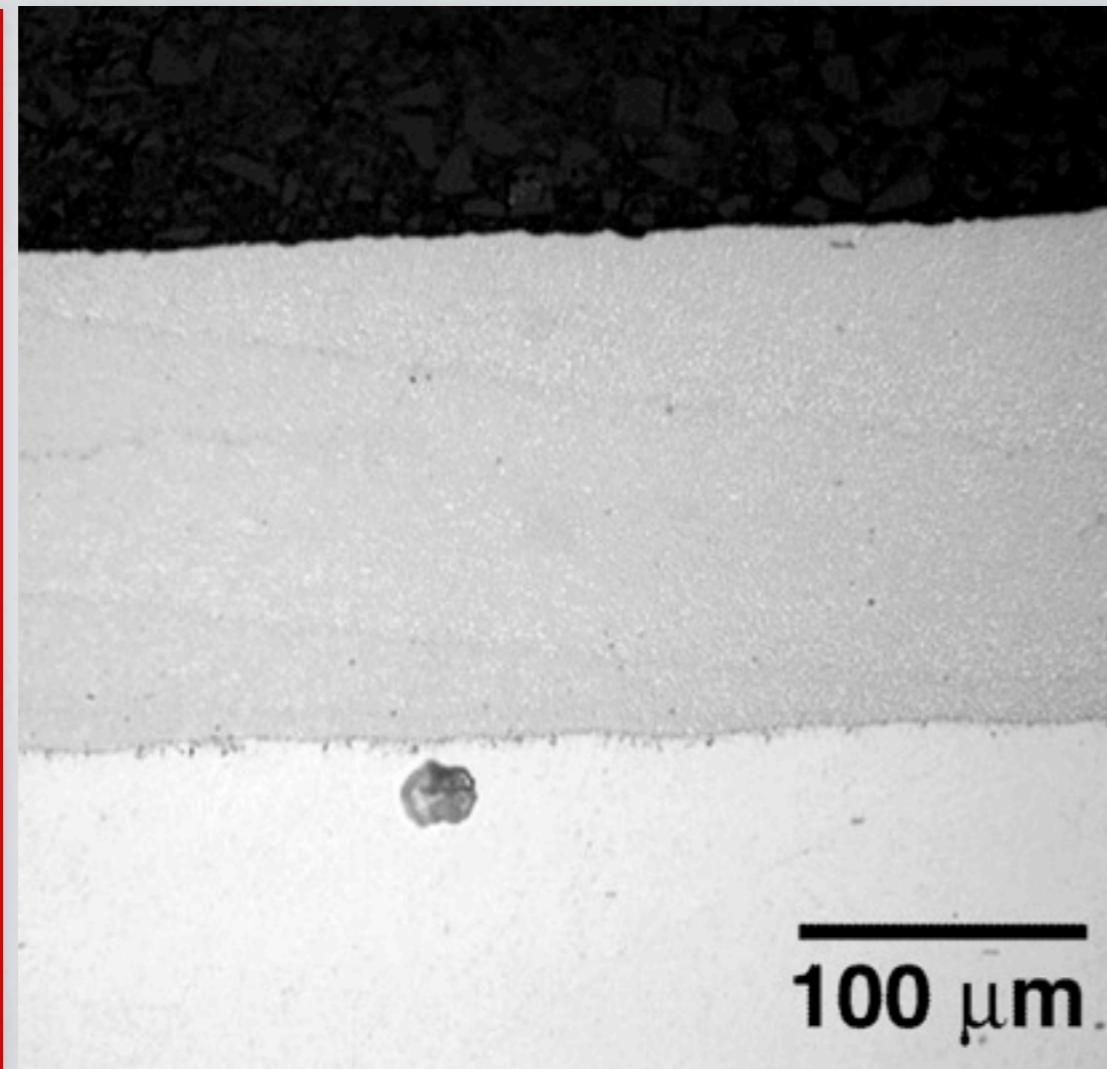
KM vs HVOF - Microstructure

50x Bright Field

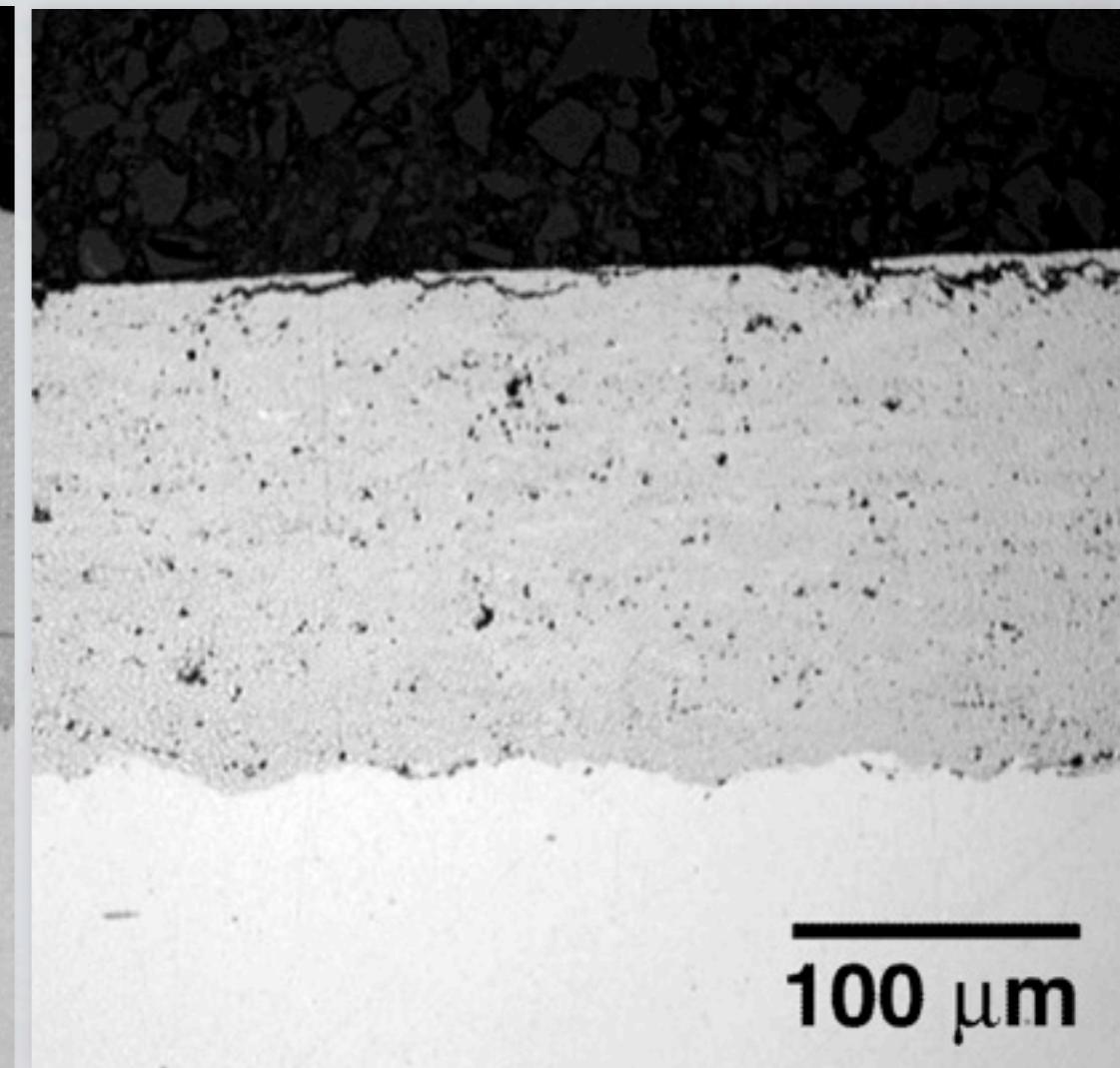


KM vs HVOF - Microstructure

200x Bright Field



KM

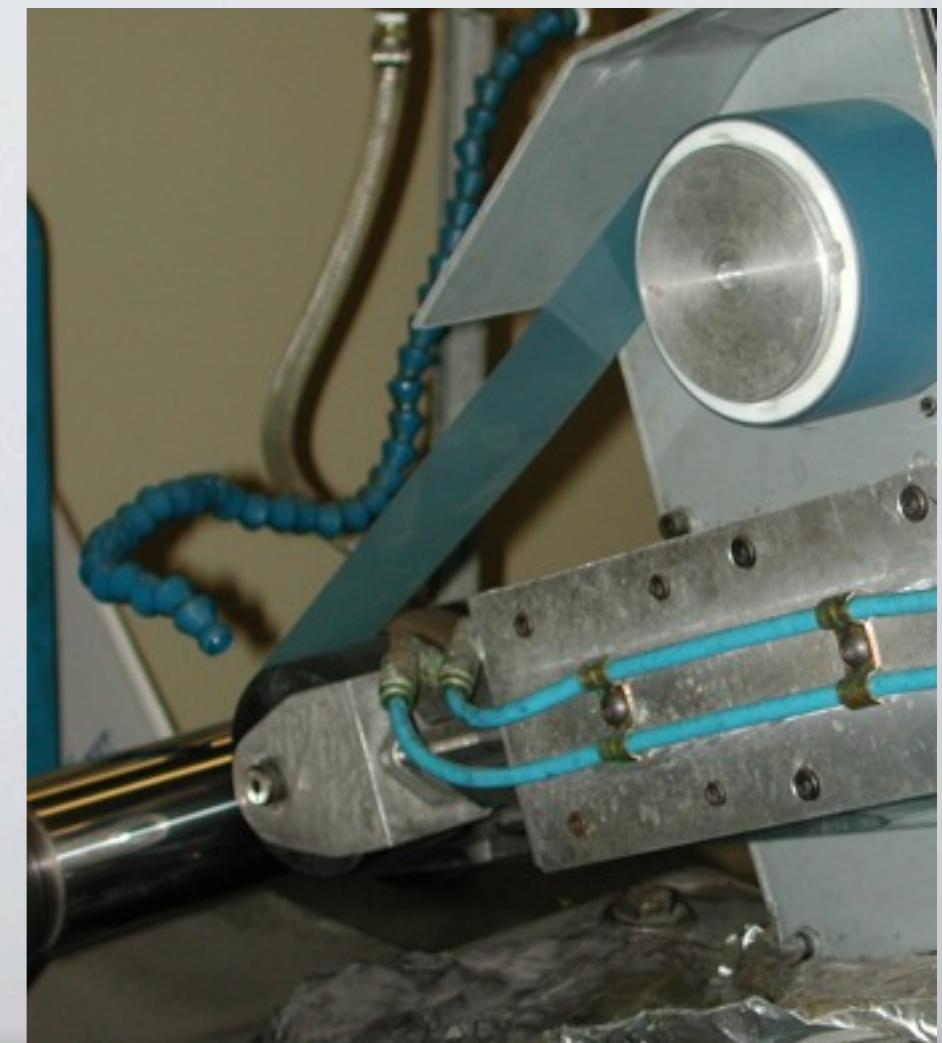


HVOF

KM vs HVOF - Microstructure

Superfinishing Study Objective

- Compare resultant surface finishes
- Compare visual appearances
- Coatings evaluated
 - WC-Co (85%, 15%) – Kinetic Metallization™
 - WC-Co-Cr (86%, 10%, 4%) – High Velocity Oxygen Fuel (HVOF)

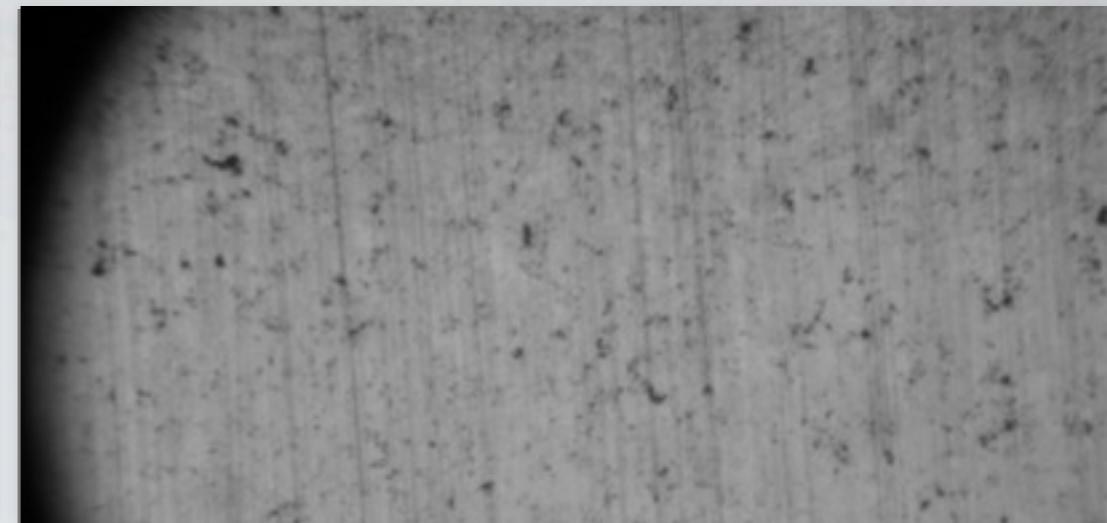




KM (50X original)

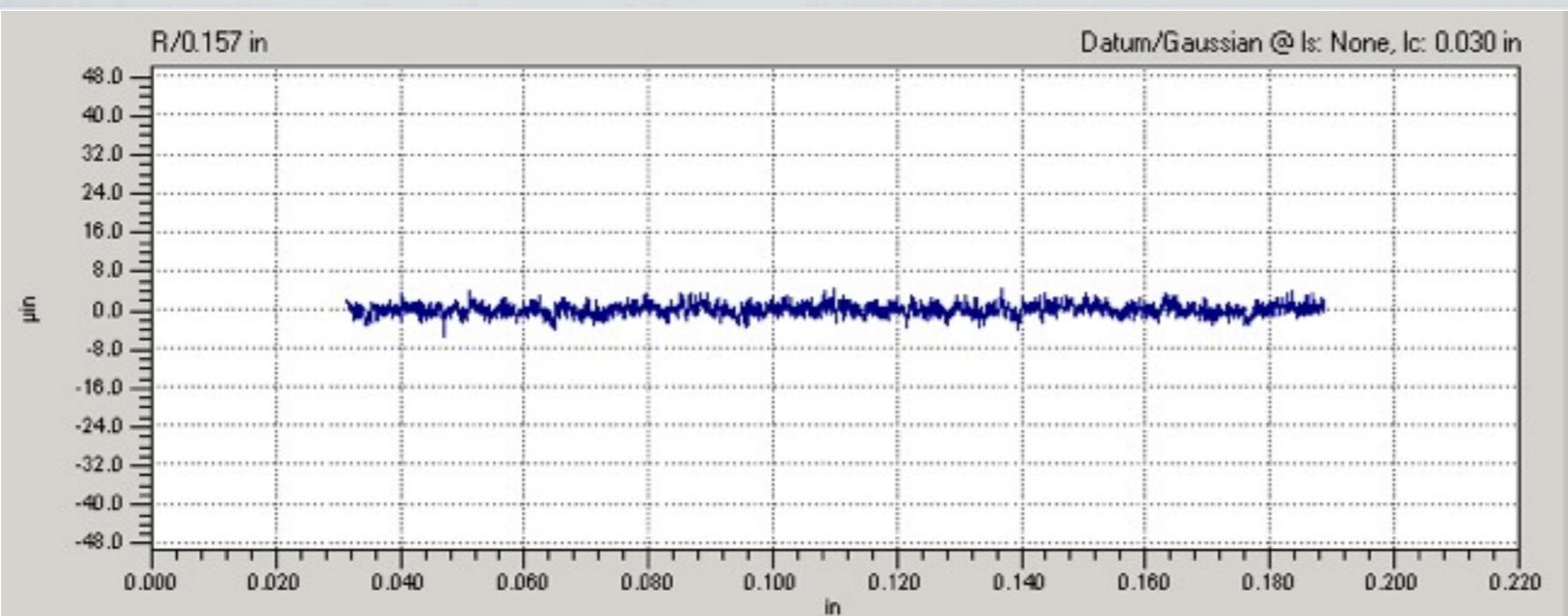


HVOF (50X original)

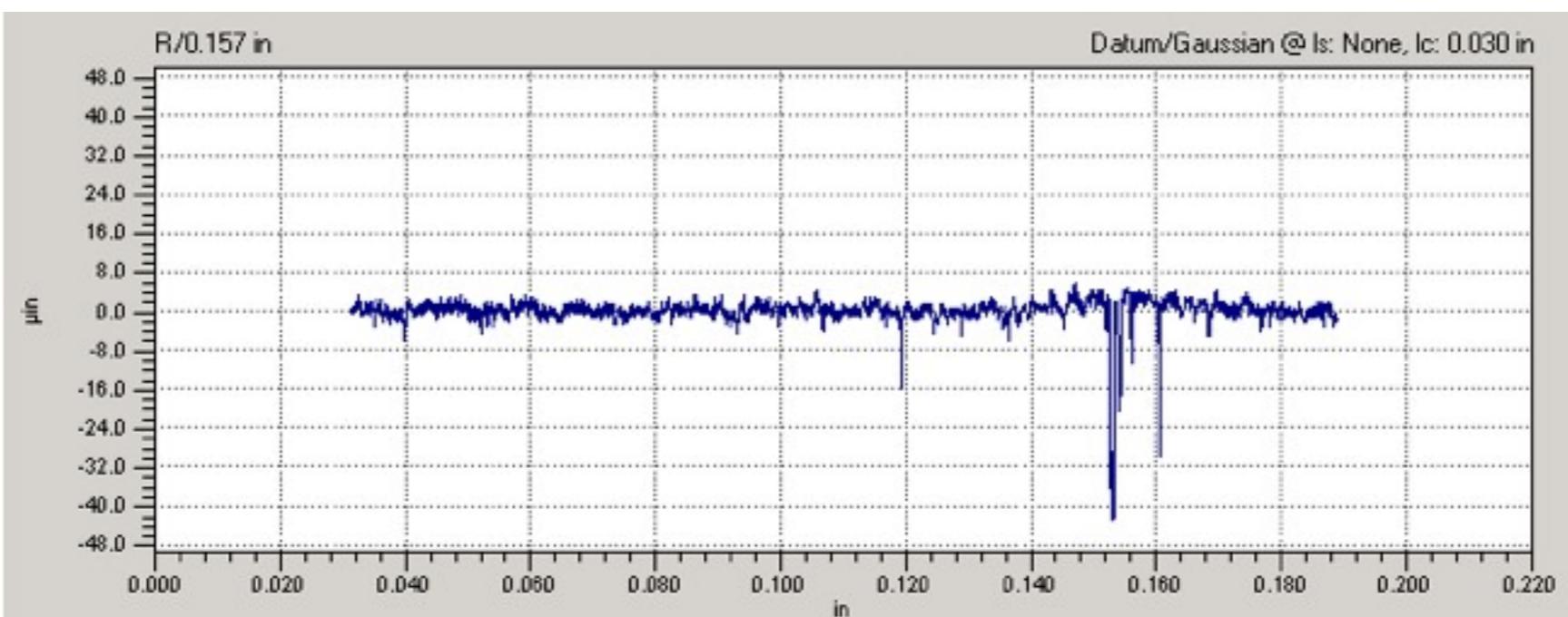


9 μ Finishes & Photos

	Ra	Rz	Tp%
KM	1.03	7.97	100
	1.08	8.1	100
HVOF	1.17	12.16	99.42
	1.05	10.28	99.77



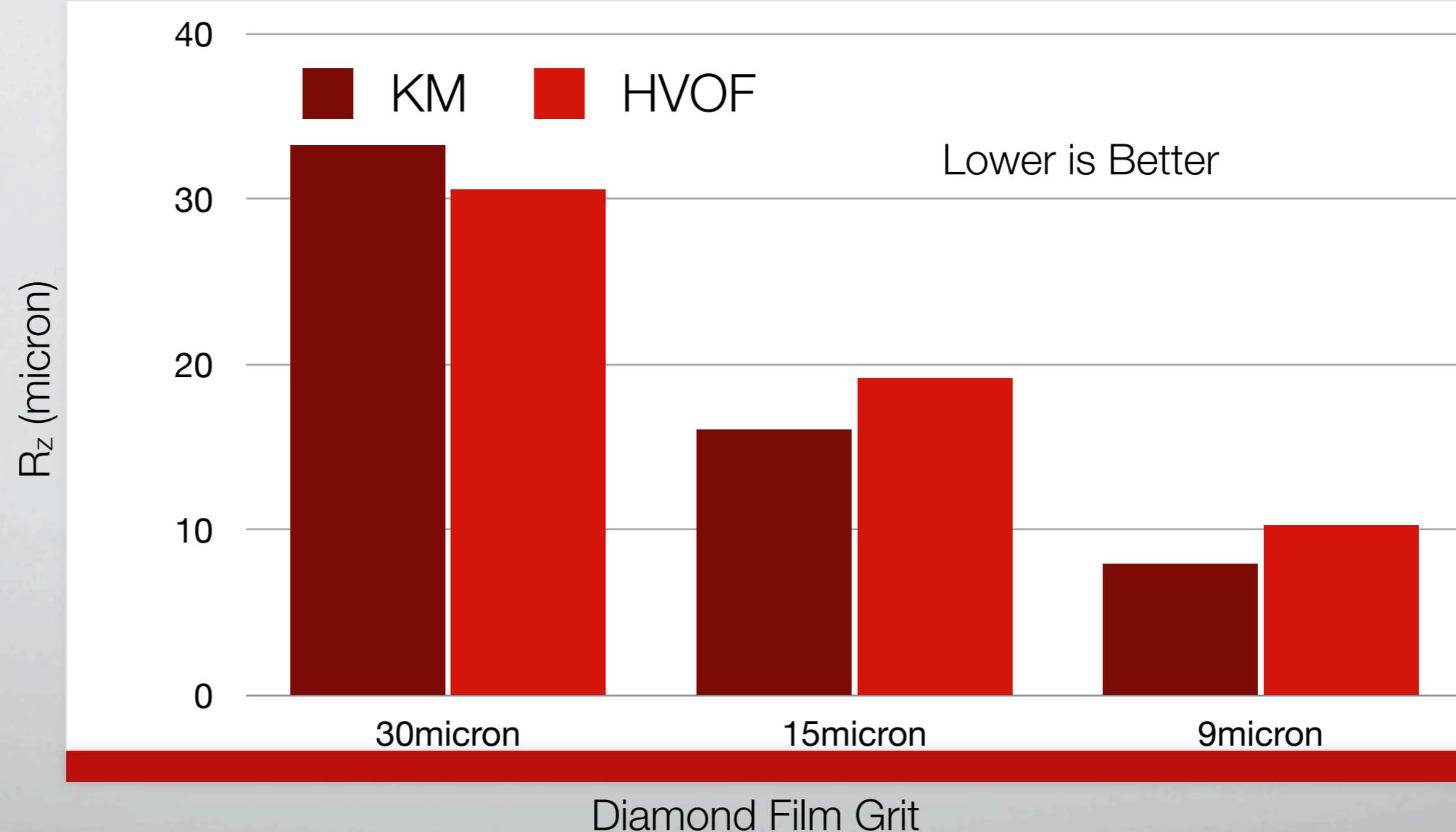
KM 9 μ DLF Trace



HVOF 9 μ DLF Trace



Surface Finish Summary



KM – HVOF

Cost Comparison

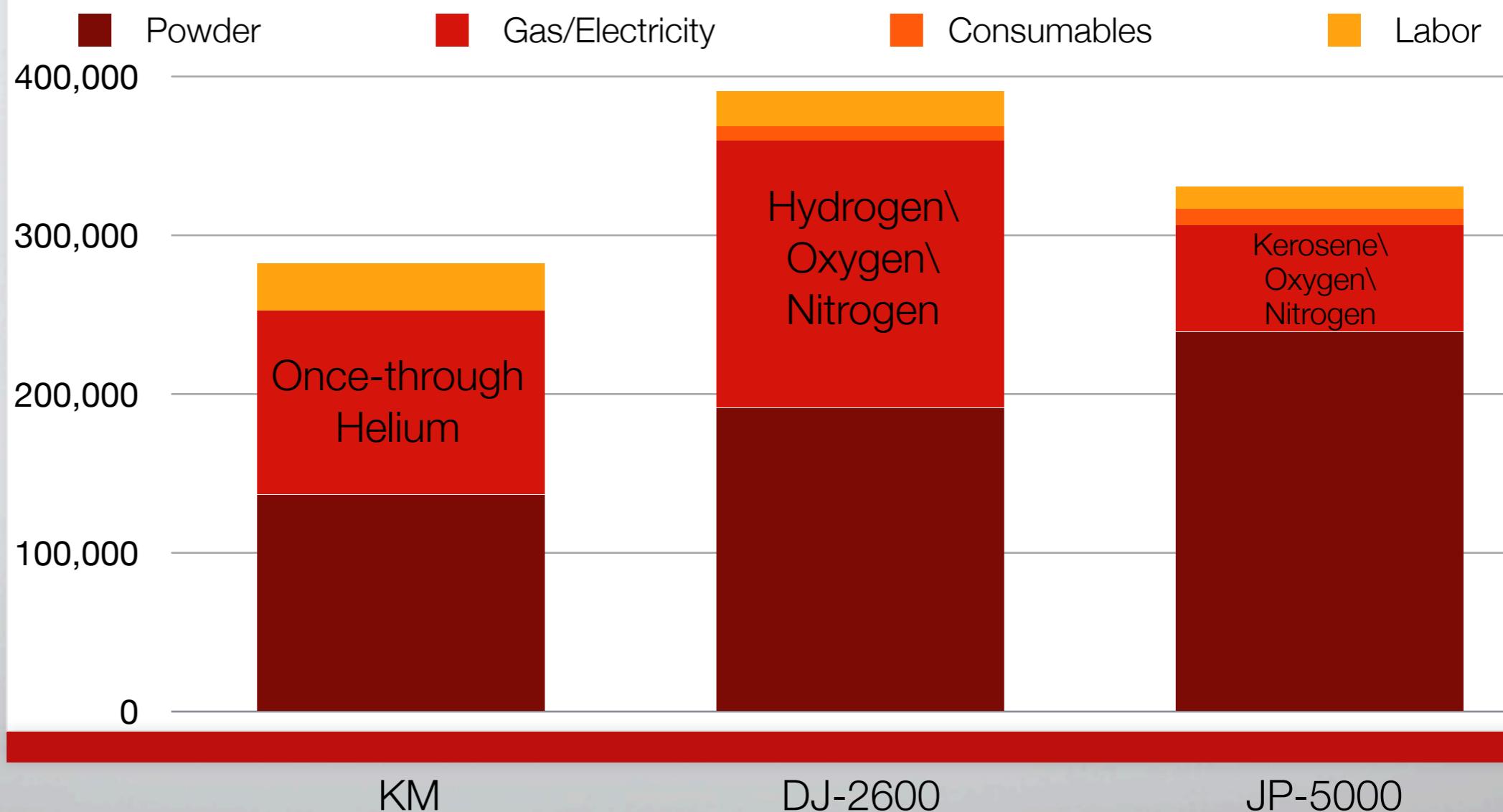




KM vs. HVOF* Operational Costs

- KM compared to DJ-2600 (hydrogen) and JP-5000 (kerosene)
- WC-Co at 0.010" thickness
- Calculate annual costs on square foot basis (300 sq. ft. per month)
- KM gas costs based on **once-through** helium
- Labor Rate \$20/hr
- Costs associated with masking, loading, preparation not included
- Analysis **understates** HVOF cost

Annual Cost Summary



Summary

- KM deposited WC-Co coatings exhibit:
 - Low porosity and high adhesion
 - No conversion of coating material
- WC-NiCrCo
 - Higher hardness and better corrosion performance than WC-Co
- Chromium Carbide Coatings
 - Fully Dense



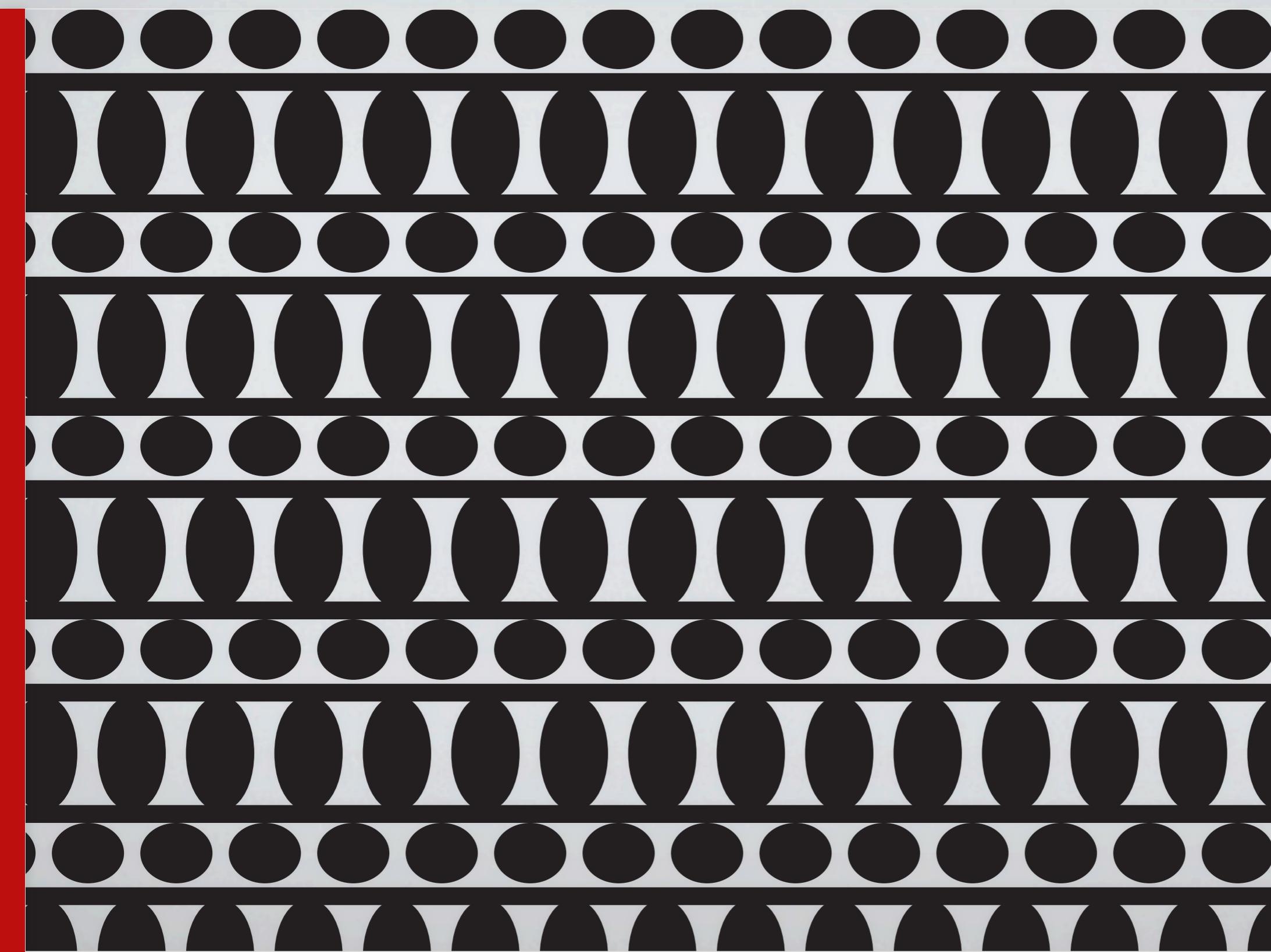
KM-MCS

Mobile Coating System



KM-PCS

Production Coating System



 INOVATI

The logo for Inovati, featuring a stylized lowercase 'i' character composed of a dot and a vertical line, followed by the word 'INOVATI' in a bold, sans-serif font.